

**Calculating a piston's power output using stroke, force on the piston, and angular velocity**

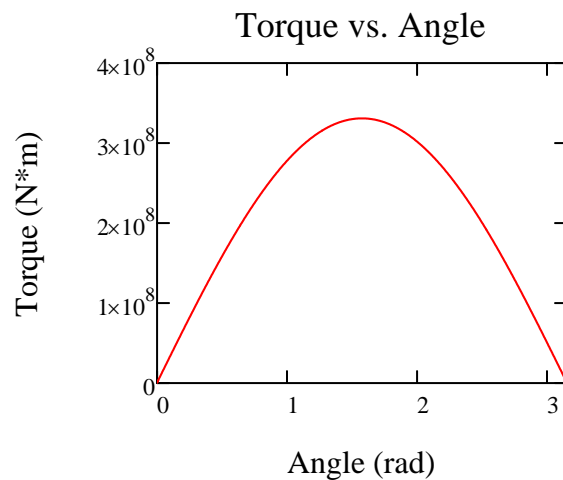
$$\omega := \frac{4\pi \text{ rad}}{24\text{hr}} = 1.454 \times 10^{-4} \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \quad 2 \text{ full revolutions per 24 hours}$$

$$\text{Force} := 27100\text{tonf} \quad \text{Force and stroke}$$

$$\text{Stroke} := 9\text{ft}$$

**Calculating torque as a function of crank angle**

$$\text{Torque}(\theta) := \text{Force} \cdot \frac{\text{Stroke}}{2} \cdot \sin(\theta)$$



**Calculate energy per stroke**

$$\text{EnergyPerStroke} := \int_{0\text{rad}}^{\pi \text{ rad}} \text{Torque}(\theta) d\theta = 183.713 \text{ kW}\cdot\text{hr}$$

**Compared to work calculation, Force \* Distance**

$$\text{Force} \cdot \text{Stroke} = 183.713 \text{ kW}\cdot\text{hr}$$

**Calculate power output, calculated as average torque \* angular speed**

$$T_{\text{avg}} := \frac{1}{\pi - 0} \cdot \int_0^{\pi} \text{Torque}(\theta) d\theta = 2.105 \times 10^8 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$\text{Power} := T_{\text{avg}} \cdot \omega = 30.619 \text{ kW}$$