

Conservation of Energy

$$T + U = \text{constant}$$

$$\frac{m(\dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2)}{2} - \frac{GMm}{r} = \text{constant}$$

$$x = r \cos(\theta), y = r \sin(\theta)$$

$$\dot{x} = \dot{r} \cos(\theta) - r \sin(\theta) \dot{\theta} \quad (1)$$

$$\dot{y} = \dot{r} \sin(\theta) + r \cos(\theta) \dot{\theta} \quad (2)$$

$$m \frac{(\dot{r} \cos(\theta) - r \sin(\theta) \dot{\theta})^2 + (\dot{r} \sin(\theta) + r \cos(\theta) \dot{\theta})^2}{2} - \frac{GMm}{r} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (m\dot{r}^2 + mr^2\dot{\theta}^2) - \frac{GMm}{r} = \text{constant} \quad (1)$$

Conservation of Angular Momentum

$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} = \text{constant}$$

$$r = \hat{i} r \cos(\theta) + \hat{j} r \sin(\theta) + \hat{k} 0$$

Using (1) and (2)

$$p = \hat{i} m\dot{x} + \hat{j} m\dot{y} = \hat{i} m(\dot{r} \cos(\theta) - r \sin(\theta) \dot{\theta}) + \hat{j} m(\dot{r} \sin(\theta) + r \cos(\theta) \dot{\theta})$$

$$\vec{L} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} = \hat{k} [r \cos(\theta) m(\dot{r} \sin(\theta) + r \cos(\theta) \dot{\theta}) - r \sin(\theta) m(\dot{r} \cos(\theta) - r \sin(\theta) \dot{\theta})]$$

Simplifying yields

$$\vec{L} = mr^2\dot{\theta} = \text{constant}$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \frac{L}{mr^2}$$

Substituting this in (1)

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(m\dot{r}^2 + mr^2 \frac{L^2}{m^2 r^4} \right) - \frac{GMm}{r} = \text{constant}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(m\dot{r}^2 + \frac{L^2}{mr^2} \right) - \frac{GMm}{r} = \text{constant} \quad (3)$$

$$\text{Substitute } r = \frac{1}{u(\theta)}$$

$$\dot{r} = \frac{d}{dt} [u^{-1}(\theta(t))] = -u(\theta(t))^{-2} \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt}$$

Using this in (3) and differentiating with respect to time

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{1}{2} \left(mu^{-4} \frac{du^2}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta^2}{dt} + \frac{L^2}{m} u^2 \right) - GMmu \right] = \text{constant}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} \left(m(-4)u^{-5} \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} \frac{du^2}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta^2}{dt} + mu^{-4} (2) \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} \frac{d\theta^2}{dt} + mu^{-4} \frac{du^2}{d\theta} (2) \frac{d\theta}{dt} \frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} \right. \\ \left. + \frac{L^2}{m} (2)u \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} \right) - GMm \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Simplifying and multiplying by u^5

$$-2m \frac{du^3}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta^3}{dt} + mu \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta^3}{dt} + mu \frac{du^2}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} \frac{d^2\theta}{dt^2} + \frac{L^2}{m} u^6 \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} - GMmu^5 \frac{du}{d\theta} \frac{d\theta}{dt} = 0$$