

(take 2)

1

$$7.) \quad y'' - y = \cosh(x)$$

$$\cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

$$m^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$m_1 = 1 \quad m_2 = -1$$

$$y_c = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x}$$

$$y_1 = e^x ; \quad y_2 = e^{-x}$$

$$y_1' = e^x ; \quad y_2' = -e^{-x}$$

$$e^x u_1' + e^{-x} u_2' = 0$$

$$e^x u_1' - e^{-x} u_2' = \cosh(x)$$

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} e^x & e^{-x} \\ e^x & -e^{-x} \end{vmatrix} = -1 - 1 = \underline{\underline{-2}}$$

$$u_1' = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 0 & e^{-x} \\ \cosh(x) & -e^{-x} \end{vmatrix}}{-2}$$

$$= - \frac{e^{-x} \cosh(x)}{-2} = \frac{e^{-x} (e^x + e^{-x})}{2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{e^{-2x}}{4} \right)$$

take 2
2

$$u_2' = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} e^x & 0 \\ e^x & \cosh(x) \end{vmatrix}}{-2} = -\frac{e^x \cosh(x)}{2}$$

$$= -\frac{e^x (e^x + e^{-x})}{2} = \left(-\frac{e^{2x}}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \right)$$

$$u_1 = \int \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{e^{-2x}}{4} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= -2x \\ du &= -2 dx \\ dx &= -\frac{1}{2} du \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{e^{-2x}}{8} \right)$$

$$u_2 = \int \left(-\frac{e^{2x}}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \right) dx = \left(-\frac{e^{2x}}{8} - \frac{1}{4}x \right)$$

$$y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + \frac{1}{4} x e^x - \frac{e^x e^{-2x}}{8}$$

$$- \frac{e^{-x} e^{2x}}{8} - \frac{1}{4} x e^{-x}$$

$$= c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} + \frac{1}{4} x (e^x - e^{-x}) - \frac{1}{8} (e^x + e^{-x})$$

according to the
answer in the book
of the book this term is
gone