

$$\frac{1}{X} \left(\frac{dX}{dx} - 2xX \right) = \frac{1}{Y} \left(YY' - Y \frac{dY}{dy} \right) = \lambda$$

$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{dX}{dx} - 2x$$

$$Y - \frac{Y}{Y} \frac{dY}{dy}$$

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$$U = X(x)Y(y)$$

$$\frac{dU}{dx} = \frac{dX}{dx} Y$$

$$\frac{dU}{dy} = X \frac{dY}{dy}$$

$$\frac{dU}{dx} + Y \frac{dU}{dy} - 2xU - YU = 0$$

$$\frac{dX}{dx} Y + Y X \frac{dY}{dy} - 2xXY - YXY = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{X} \frac{dX}{dx} - 2x = \lambda$$

$$Y - \frac{Y}{Y} \frac{dY}{dy} = \lambda$$

$$Y \left(1 - \frac{1}{Y} \frac{dY}{dy} \right) = \lambda$$

$$\int \left(\frac{1}{X} \frac{dX}{dx} - 2x \right) dx = \int \lambda dx$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{Y} \frac{dY}{dy} = \lambda/Y$$

$$\int \frac{1}{X} \frac{dX}{dx} dx - \int 2x dx = \lambda x$$

$$\frac{1}{Y} \frac{dY}{dy} = 1 - \lambda/Y \quad e^{\ln(x)} = x$$

$$\int \frac{1}{X} dX - x^2 = \lambda x$$

$$\int \frac{1}{Y} \frac{dY}{dy} dy = \int (1 - \lambda/Y) dy$$

$$\ln(X) - x^2 = \lambda x$$

$$\ln(Y) = y - \lambda \ln(y)$$

$$\ln(X) = \lambda x + x^2$$

$$= y - \ln(y^\lambda)$$

$$X(x) = e^{\lambda x + x^2}$$

$$Y(y) = e^{y - \ln(y^\lambda)}$$

$$= e^y \cdot e^{-\ln(y^\lambda)}$$

$$U = \left(e^{\lambda x + x^2} \right) \left(\frac{e^y}{y^\lambda} \right)$$

$$= \frac{e^y}{e^{\ln(y^\lambda)}} = \frac{e^y}{y^\lambda}$$

$$U(x,y) = \frac{e^{\lambda x + x^2 + y}}{y^\lambda}$$