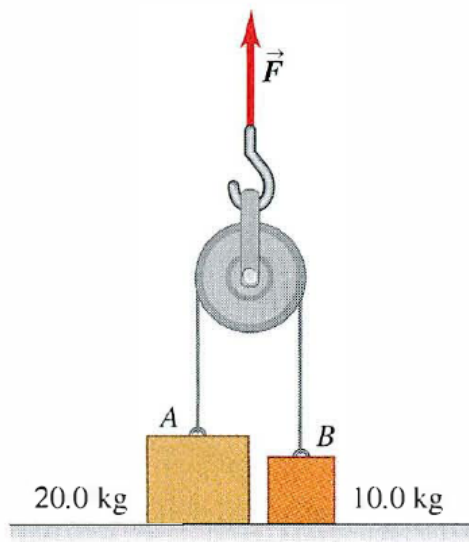


### Question:

**5.126.** The masses of blocks *A* and *B* in Fig. 5.86 are 20.0 kg and 10.0 kg, respectively. The blocks are initially at rest on the floor and are connected by a massless string passing over a massless and frictionless pulley. An upward force  $\vec{F}$  is applied to the pulley. Find the accelerations  $\vec{a}_A$  of block *A* and  $\vec{a}_B$  of block *B* when  $F$  is (a) 124 N; (b) 294 N; (c) 424 N.

**Figure 5.86** Challenge Problem 5.126.



### Solution:

- 5.126. IDENTIFY:** Apply  $\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$  to each block. The tension in the string is the same at both ends. If  $T < w$  for a block, that block remains at rest.
- SET UP:** In all cases, the tension in the string will be half of  $F$ .
- EXECUTE:** (a)  $F/2 = 62$  N, which is insufficient to raise either block;  $a_1 = a_2 = 0$ .
- (b)  $F/2 = 62$  N. The larger block (of weight 196 N) will not move, so  $a_1 = 0$ , but the smaller block, of weight 98 N, has a net upward force of 49 N applied to it, and so will accelerate upwards with  $a_2 = \frac{49 \text{ N}}{10.0 \text{ kg}} = 4.9 \text{ m/s}^2$ .
- (c)  $F/2 = 212$  N, so the net upward force on block *A* is 16 N and that on block *B* is 114 N, so  $a_1 = \frac{16 \text{ N}}{20.0 \text{ kg}} = 0.8 \text{ m/s}^2$  and  $a_2 = \frac{114 \text{ N}}{10.0 \text{ kg}} = 11.4 \text{ m/s}^2$ .
- EVALUATE:** The two blocks need not have accelerations with the same magnitudes.